Voluntary Report - Voluntary - Public Distribution

Report Name: USJTA Treatment for Wine
Country: Japan
Post: Tokyo
Report Category: Country/Regional FTA's, Product Brief, Wine

Prepared By: Tomohiro Kurai, Akiko Satake

Approved By: Alexander Blamberg

## Report Highlights:

This is one in a series of reports providing concise overviews of how the U.S.-Japan Trade Agreement (USJTA), which entered into force on January 1, 2020, affects certain product groups. Once USJTA is fully implemented, nearly 90 percent of all U.S. food and agricultural products imported into Japan will be duty free or receive preferential tariff access. Please note that the information provided is not fully comprehensive and additional details may be found in the agreement text itself. Additional information is available at www.usdajapan.org/usjta.

Overview: In 2018, the United States exported \$93 million of wine products to Japan, making Japan the \#4 overseas market for U.S. wine. U.S. exports accounted for eight percent of Japan's total wine imports. The years below correspond to Japan's fiscal year beginning April 1.

| Product Name Japan Customs HS Code | Base Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } 1 \\ & \text { (2019) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } 2 \\ & \text { (2020) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } 3 \\ & \text { (2021) } \end{aligned}$ | Final Tariff (Year) | 2018 Imports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wine (holding 2 liters (I) or less) 220421020 | $\begin{array}{r} 15.0 \% \text { or } 125 \\ \text { yen/I, } \\ \text { whichever less, } \\ \text { subject to } 67 \\ \text { yen/I minimum } \\ \text { customs duty } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.1 \% \text { or } 125 \\ \text { yen/l, } \end{gathered}$ <br> whichever less, subject to 35.73 yen/l min. customs duty | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 7.1 \% \text { or } 125 \\ \text { yen/l, } \\ \text { whichever less, } \\ \text { subject to } 26.8 \\ \text { yen/l min. } \\ \text { customs duty } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.7 \% \text { or } 125 \\ \text { yen/l, } \end{array}$ <br> whichever less, subject to 17.87 yen/l min. customs duty | Free (2025) | \$115,819,656 |
| Wine (holding 150l or more) <br> 220429090 | 45 yen/l | Free |  |  | Free (2019) | \$10,863,854 |
| Sparkling wine $220410000$ | 182.00 yen/l | 104.00 yen/l | 86.67 yen/l | 69.33 yen/l | Free (2025) | \$2,502,121 |
| Wine (holding 2-10I) 220422000 | $15.0 \%$ or 125yen/l,whichever less,subject to 67yen/l min.customs duty | $8.5 \%$ or 125yen/l,whicheverless, subject to38.29 yen/lmin. customsduty | $\begin{array}{r} 7.1 \% \text { or } 125 \\ \text { yen/l, } \\ \text { whichever less, } \\ \text { subject to } 31.90 \\ \text { yen/l min. } \\ \text { customs duty } \end{array}$ | $5.7 \%$ or 125 yen/I, whichever less, subject to 25.52 yen/l min. customs duty | Free (2025) | \$163,898 |
| Wine (holding 2-150I) 220422000 |  |  |  |  |  | \$31,689 |
| Sherry, port and other fortified wines (holding 2 I or less) <br> 220421010 | 112.00 yen/l | 74.67 yen/l | 56.00 yen/l | 37.33 yen/l | Free (2023) | \$0 |
| Other grape must partially fermented 220430200 | 45 yen/l | 22.50 yen/l | 11.25 yen/l | Free | Free (2021) | \$0 |

Market Considerations: Wine consumption in Japan has risen steadily over the last decade. Total imports were valued at $\$ 1.7$ billion in 2018. The United States was the fourth largest wine supplier on a per value basis, competing with major wine suppliers such as EU members (e.g. France, Italy, and Spain), Chile, and Australia which enjoy preferential tariff access. Upon full implementation of the U.S.-Japan Trade Agreement, the United States will gain tariff parity with these suppliers and tariff advantages over other suppliers like Argentina and South Africa. Most Japanese retail stores shelve a variety of wines at different pricing levels. Catering to smaller family units, half-sized bottles have become more common. Organic and Biodynamic wines have also gained attention in recent years). Some terms such as "Champagne" and "Bordeaux" are restricted for use as geographical indications in Japan (see JA8003).

Additional Resources: Further details are available at www.usdajapan.org/usjta/.

## Attachments:

No Attachments.

