Required Report: Required - Public Distribution

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# Report Name: Fresh Deciduous Fruit Semi-annual 

Country: Chile
Post: Santiago
Report Category: Fresh Deciduous Fruit

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## Report Highlights:

Post estimates a decline in production and export of table grapes, apples, and pears due to moderate temperatures and unexpected rainfall during the summer, which ultimately decreased yields. The intense rainfall affected table grape crops the most, thus production and exports will decline by 21 percent in MY2020/21 totaling 615,000 metric tons (MT) and 475,000 MT, respectively. In MY2020/21, apple production will reach $1,095,000$ MT ( 4.8 percent decrease) and exports 647,000 MT ( 2.0 percent decrease). Pear production will reach 200,000 MT ( 9.1 percent decline) and 106,000 (8.6 percent decline).

## Commodities:

Grapes, Table, Fresh

Table 1. Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics

| Grapes, Fresh Table Market Year Begins Chile | 2018/2019 |  | 2019/2020 |  | 2020/2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oct 2018 |  | Oct 2019 |  | Oct 2020 |  |
|  | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post |
| Area Planted (HA) | 47800 | 47800 | 47834 | 47834 | 45489 | 45489 |
| Area Harvested (HA) | 45900 | 45900 | 46000 | 46000 | 44000 | 44000 |
| Commercial Production (MT) | 830000 | 830000 | 780000 | 780000 | 780000 | 615000 |
| Non-Comm. Production (MT) | 4600 | 4600 | 4600 | 4600 | 4500 | 4700 |
| Production (MT) | 834600 | 834600 | 784600 | 784600 | 784500 | 619700 |
| Imports (MT) | 400 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| Total Supply (MT) | 835000 | 835000 | 784900 | 784900 | 784800 | 620000 |
| Fresh Dom. Consumption (MT) | 180500 | 180500 | 174900 | 174900 | 164800 | 145000 |
| Exports (MT) | 654500 | 654500 | 610000 | 610000 | 620000 | 475000 |
| Withdrawal from Market (MT) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Distribution (MT) | 835000 | 835000 | 784900 | 784900 | 784800 | 620000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (HA) ,(MT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Post estimations.

## Production:

MY2020/21 Chile's table grape planted area totaled 45,489 hectares (ha), a 4.9 percent decline over MY2019/20 (See Graph 1). Post estimates production in MY2020/21 will total 615,000 MT, a 21 percent decline over MY2019/20 (See Table 1). This drop is attributed primarily to unexpected rainfall during the summer and also to a decline in table grapes planted area. Although climatic conditions were favorable during winter and spring of MY2020/21, during the last weekend of January 2021, heavy rainfall damaged table grape crops that were ready for harvest. The heavy rainfall caused damage to the fruit, not only cracking it, but also increasing its susceptibility to fungus infections or by throwing down trees.

Table grapes are more susceptible to damage by rainfall than any other fruits such as apples, which can still endure the impact of water, although they will still require the use of fungicides. The affected orchards and farms are located in the regions of Valparaiso, Metropolitana, and O'Higgins, all of which hold large shares of the table grape production area (See Table 2). Rainfall was between 25 mm in the less affected areas and up to 70 mm in the most affected areas in the O'Higgins region. The early harvest table grapes, produced in the regions of Atacama and Coquimbo were not impacted, however producer associations reported losses of up to 80 percent in orchards located in the O'Higgins region.

Table 2: Table Grape Planted Area by Region (hectares)

| Region | Planted Area (ha) MY2020/21 | Share (\%) | Variation* (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Atacama | 6,836 | $15 \%$ | $-11.8 \%$ |
| Coquimbo | 8,159 | $18 \%$ | $-6.5 \%$ |
| Valparaíso | 9,970 | $22 \%$ | $-10.9 \%$ |
| Metropolitana | 6,848 | $15 \%$ | $-14.1 \%$ |
| O'Higgins | 13,435 | $30 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ |
| Maule | 241 | $1 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 5 , 4 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $-4.9 \%$ |

*Variation of the planted area covers a three-year period and corresponds to the last available data point from the official fruit registry.
Source: Based on data from ODEPA.

Graph 1: Table Grape Planted Area (hectares)


[^0]
## Consumption:

Post estimates that in MY2019/20 consumption will reach 145,800 MT, which represents 24 percent of the production.

## Policy:

The Chilean Ministry of Agriculture through the Agricultural and Livestock Service (SAG) is implementing the 2020-2021 National Program for the Control of Grapevine Moth (Lobesia botrana). SAG's control actions are mandatory for all table grapes (Vitis vinifera) throughout the complete production area for Chilean table grapes.

Chile's request to export table grapes to the United States under a systems approach is pending USDAAPHIS review.

## Trade:

For MY2020/21, Post estimates that table grape exports will total 475,000 MT, a 22 percent decrease over MY2019/20, considering the damage on table grape crops by the late January rainfall.

Table grape exports declined by 21 percent in MY2020/21 (data until February) over MY2019/20 totaling 118,089 MT and $\$ 190$ million (See Table 2 and Table 3).

The United States remains the main market for Chilean table grape exports accounting for 46 percent of Chilean table grape exports. In MY2019/20, table grape exports to the United States totaled 275,495 MT, a 6.7 percent drop over MY2018/19 (See Table 2).

China is the second top market for Chilean table grapes, totaling 111,819 MT in MY2019/20 a 5.1 percent increase over MY2018/19. In MY2019/20, exports to the Netherlands and the United Kingdom grew by 17.9 percent and 8.0 percent, respectively.

Table 2: Chile, Table Grape Exports to the World (Volume)

| Commodity: 080610, Grapes, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partner Country | Calendar Year (Volume) |  |  | Nov - Feb (Volume) |  |  |
|  | 2019 | 2020 | Variation (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 19- \\ & 02 / 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 20- \\ & 02 / 21 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Variation (\%) |
| World | 654,516 | 604,561 | -7.6\% | 149,552 | 118,089 | -21.0\% |
| United States | 295,149 | 275,495 | -6.7\% | 108,603 | 84,476 | -22.2\% |
| China | 106,391 | 111,819 | 5.1\% | 5,312 | 4,035 | -24.0\% |
| Netherlands | 29,946 | 35,308 | 17.9\% | 2,157 | 1,994 | -7.6\% |
| United Kingdom | 24,641 | 26,606 | 8.0\% | 1,765 | 1,038 | -41.2\% |
| South Korea | 41,129 | 24,491 | -40.5\% | 8,083 | 7,815 | -3.3\% |
| Canada | 15,659 | 16,398 | 4.7\% | 4,473 | 3,366 | -24.7\% |
| Mexico | 15,839 | 13,709 | -13.4\% | 4,263 | 2,220 | -47.9\% |
| Japan | 13,548 | 12,308 | -9.2\% | 7,069 | 5,334 | -24.5\% |
| Russia | 11,318 | 11,002 | -2.8\% | 653 | 789 | 20.8\% |
| Ecuador | 8,212 | 9,625 | 17.2\% | 1,500 | 1,518 | 1.2\% |
| Spain | 9,073 | 7,903 | -12.9\% | 926 | 1,252 | 35.2\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 6,650 | 7,052 | 6.0\% | 222 | 268 | 20.7\% |
| Taiwan | 3,790 | 5,088 | 34.2\% | 283 | 367 | 29.7\% |
| Brazil | 9,170 | 4,943 | -46.1\% | 458 | 277 | -39.5\% |
| Germany | 8,680 | 4,871 | -43.9\% | 578 | 375 | -35.1\% |
| Others | 55,321 | 37,943 | -31.4\% | 3,207 | 2,965 | -7.5\% |

[^1]Table 3: Chile, Table Grape Exports to the World (Value)

| Commodity: 080610, Grapes, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partner Country | Calendar year (Value USD) |  |  | Nov - Feb (Value USD) |  |  |
|  | 2019 | 2020 | Variation (\%) | 11/19-02/20 | 11/20-02/21 | Variation (\%) |
| World | 952,780,911 | 926,221,114 | -2.8\% | 238,446,382 | 189,610,276 | -20.5\% |
| United States | 393,976,002 | 382,436,706 | -2.9\% | 157,898,415 | 118,263,557 | -25.1\% |
| China | 154,732,212 | 186,676,292 | 20.6\% | 9,381,078 | 7,299,822 | -22.2\% |
| South Korea | 84,320,451 | 56,577,540 | -32.9\% | 20,837,760 | 20,479,161 | -1.7\% |
| Netherlands | 36,191,878 | 45,295,153 | 25.2\% | 2,896,849 | 3,093,734 | 6.8\% |
| United Kingdom | 40,549,099 | 44,060,556 | 8.7\% | 3,101,876 | 1,924,247 | -38.0\% |
| Canada | 23,179,142 | 24,915,288 | 7.5\% | 7,141,162 | 7,745,481 | 8.5\% |
| Mexico | 25,053,079 | 22,721,460 | -9.3\% | 7,494,601 | 3,341,429 | -55.4\% |
| Japan | 20,758,452 | 22,521,017 | 8.5\% | 14,863,494 | 12,305,314 | -17.2\% |
| Russia | 16,508,118 | 16,744,751 | 1.4\% | 1,153,976 | 1,399,432 | 21.3\% |
| Ecuador | 12,679,786 | 15,163,986 | 19.6\% | 3,142,832 | 2,985,709 | -5.0\% |
| Spain | 14,052,125 | 13,217,362 | -5.9\% | 1,742,146 | 2,343,746 | 34.5\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 10,472,567 | 11,138,919 | 6.4\% | 379,455 | 498,403 | 31.3\% |
| Taiwan | 7,452,574 | 9,883,607 | 32.6\% | 849,082 | 969,006 | 14.1\% |
| Brazil | 13,495,034 | 6,792,631 | -49.7\% | 717,366 | 489,803 | -31.7\% |
| Germany | 12,607,964 | 6,485,113 | -48.6\% | 577,192 | 360,828 | -37.5\% |
| Others | 86,752,428 | 61,590,733 | -29.0\% | 6,269,098 | 6,110,604 | -2.5\% |

Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

Data from the Chilean Ministry of Agriculture's Office of Agricultural Studies and Policy (ODEPA) shows that table grape exports in March 2021 totaled 142,566 MT a 20.42 percent decrease over March 2020, thus confirming the declining trend in Chilean table grape exports (Graph 2).

Graph 2. Chile: Table Grape Export Volume by Month (MT)


Source of Data: ODEPA.

## Commodities: <br> Apples, Fresh

Table 4. Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics

| Apples, Fresh Market Year Begins Chile | 2018/2019 |  | 2019/2020 |  | 2020/2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan 2019 |  | Jan 2020 |  | Jan 2021 |  |
|  | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post |
| Area Planted (HA) | 34427 | 34427 | 32371 | 32371 | 32314 | 32314 |
| Area Harvested (HA) | 33000 | 33000 | 31300 | 31300 | 31300 | 31300 |
| Bearing Trees (1000 TREES) | 36300 | 36300 | 34430 | 34430 | 34430 | 34430 |
| Non-Bearing Trees (1000 TREES) | 2500 | 2500 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 |
| Total Trees (1000 TREES) | 38800 | 38800 | 36830 | 36830 | 36830 | 36830 |
| Commercial Production (MT) | 1200000 | 1200000 | 1115000 | 1115000 | 1160000 | 1095000 |
| Non-Comm. Production (MT) | 10000 | 10000 | 9000 | 9000 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Production (MT) | 1210000 | 1210000 | 1124000 | 1124000 | 1170000 | 1105000 |
| Imports (MT) | 3200 | 3200 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| Total Supply (MT) | 1213200 | 1213200 | 1126000 | 1126000 | 1172000 | 1107000 |
| Domestic Consumption (MT) | 539500 | 539500 | 476000 | 466000 | 517000 | 460000 |
| Exports (MT) | 673700 | 673700 | 650000 | 660000 | 655000 | 647000 |
| Withdrawal from Market (MT) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Distribution (MT) | 1213200 | 1213200 | 1126000 | 1126000 | 1172000 | 1107000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (HA) ,(1000 TREES) ,(MT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Post estimations.

## Production:

For MY2020/21, Post projects a 4.8 percent decrease in production totaling 1,095,000 MT (See Table 4). Chilean apple planted area totaled 32,314 ha in MY2020/21 (See Graph 3). Although winter and spring conditions were favorable for production, moderate temperatures during the summer, the intense rainfall in late January, and reduced availability of labor due to restrictions derived from the COVID-19 pandemic (quarantines, limited transport services, restrictions in mobility between regions, limited number of workers per area) reduced the potential for higher yields.

Graph 3: Apple Planted Area (hectares)


Source: ODEPA, 2021.

## Consumption:

In MY2020/21, Post estimates domestic consumption of apples (fresh and processed) will total 460,000 MT or 42 percent of the total commercial apple production. Chilean consumption is destined for fresh consumption, or for further processing mainly to produce juice.

## Policy:

Both the Chilean government and the production and export sector prepared protocols to operate safely. However, despite all preparations and protocols to operate safely and tackle COVID-19 related measures reported in the last Fresh Deciduous Annual GAIN report, the availability of farm workers declined, thus increasing production costs and slowing down harvest activities.

As soon as the COVID-19 pandemic hit Chile, in early March 2020, the Chilean government declared agriculture production and the agricultural food chain as essential activities. For this reason, the agriculture sector remains operating albeit under strict sanitary protocols. Agricultural workers
(including those working in farms and fruit packing facilities) have special permits to move from work to their jobs even if they reside in areas under strict quarantine measures. The Chilean Ministry of Agriculture and various agricultural producers and exporters associations implemented a series of recommendations and protocols to prevent and contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus in agricultural production facilities and various links of the distribution chain. For additional details click here.

## Trade:

Following the decrease in apple production, for MY2020/21, Post estimates a two percent drop in Chilean apple exports over MY2019/20, totaling 647,000 MT.

According to MY2019/20 data, Chilean top markets for apple exports are the United States, Colombia, and Ecuador.

Fresh Chilean apple exports to the United States dropped by 33.8 percent in MY2019/20 due to the increased available supplies in the U.S. market (See Table 5).

January and February 2021 data shows Chilean apple exports declined by 25 percent in volume and 20.6 percent in value over the same period in 2020, totaling 10,404 MT and $\$ 9.5$ million (See Table 5 and Table 6). Post estimates that the MY2020/21 apple harvest and export process is advancing at a lower rate than in MY2019/20 due to the decrease of farm workers and logistical challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the data for the first two months is not enough to identify a decreasing trend.

Table 5: Chile, Apple Exports to the World (Volume)

|  | Commodity: 080810, Apples, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Partner Country | Marketing Year (Volume) |  |  | January-February (Volume) |  |  |
|  | MY2018/19 | MY2019/20 | Variation <br> $(\%)$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Variation <br> $(\%)$ |
|  | 673,729 | 659,875 | $-2.1 \%$ | 13,863 | 10,404 | $-25.0 \%$ |
| Colombia | 74,332 | 74,158 | $-0.2 \%$ | 6,836 | 5,161 | $-24.5 \%$ |
| United States | 78,662 | 52,841 | $-32.8 \%$ | 36 | - | $-100.0 \%$ |
| Ecuador | 48,179 | 52,705 | $9.4 \%$ | 3,000 | 2,401 | $-20.0 \%$ |
| Saudi Arabia | 38,073 | 51,875 | $36.3 \%$ | - | - |  |
| Brazil | 19,913 | 47,885 | $140.5 \%$ | 103 | 77 | $-25.2 \%$ |
| Peru | 40,604 | 41,860 | $3.1 \%$ | 1,699 | 1,177 | $-30.7 \%$ |
| Netherlands | 35,709 | 41,452 | $16.1 \%$ | 272 | - | $-100.0 \%$ |
| Taiwan | 42,015 | 38,964 | $-7.3 \%$ | - | - |  |
| United Kingdom | 27,199 | 29,810 | $9.6 \%$ | - | - |  |
| Russia | 17,979 | 26,121 | $45.3 \%$ | 20 | - | $-100.0 \%$ |
| Germany | 18,880 | 21,505 | $13.9 \%$ | 43 | - | $-100.0 \%$ |
| Bolivia | 19,569 | 20,869 | $6.6 \%$ | 1,279 | 1,197 | $-6.4 \%$ |
| India | 42,478 | 20,643 | $-51.4 \%$ | - | - |  |
| China | 39,637 | 15,524 | $-60.8 \%$ | 106 | - | $-100.0 \%$ |
| France | 15,172 | 15,503 | $2.2 \%$ | - | - |  |
| Others | 115,328 | 108,160 | $-6.2 \%$ | 469 | 391 | $-16.6 \%$ |

Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

Table 6: Chile Apple Exports to the World (Value)

| Commodity: 080810, Apples, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partner Country | Marketing Year (Value USD) |  |  | January-February (Value USD) |  |  |
|  | MY2018/19 | MY2019/20 | Variati <br> on (\%) | 2020 | 2021 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Variatio } \\ \mathrm{n}(\%) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| World | 602,882,263 | 568,584,995 | -5.7\% | 11,913,114 | 9,457,250 | -20.6\% |
| Colombia | 66,532,109 | 64,724,614 | -2.7\% | 6,813,713 | 5,340,701 | -21.6\% |
| United States | 85,885,526 | 59,247,479 | -31.0\% | 26,358 | - | -100.0\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 33,351,430 | 46,261,905 | 38.7\% | - | - |  |
| Ecuador | 36,487,293 | 38,500,026 | 5.5\% | 2,436,714 | 2,243,396 | -7.9\% |
| Taiwan | 43,234,419 | 37,934,380 | -12.3\% | - | - |  |
| Netherlands | 30,753,260 | 37,219,073 | 21.0\% | 166,175 | - | -100.0\% |
| Brazil | 17,238,145 | 36,586,530 | 112.2\% | 75,624 | 52,155 | -31.0\% |
| Peru | 28,577,117 | 29,471,879 | 3.1\% | 1,237,989 | 912,030 | -26.3\% |
| United Kingdom | 27,132,238 | 28,343,967 | 4.5\% | - | - |  |
| Russia | 15,158,423 | 20,373,989 | 34.4\% | 17,469 | - | -100.0\% |
| Germany | 17,186,961 | 18,648,339 | 8.5\% | 38,488 | - | -100.0\% |
| India | 31,884,990 | 15,652,391 | -50.9\% | - | - |  |
| China | 37,239,513 | 15,380,265 | -58.7\% | 67,200 | - | -100.0\% |
| France | 15,019,446 | 14,761,744 | -1.7\% | - | - |  |
| Canada | 19,765,688 | 9,328,960 | -52.8\% | - | - |  |
| Others | 97,435,705 | 96,149,454 | -1.3\% | 1,033,384 | 908,968 | -12.0\% |

Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

Data from ODEPA shows a slight recovery for apple exports in March 2021, totaling 49,622 MT, a 4.23 percent decrease over March 2020 (Graph 4). The bulk of Chilean apple exports takes place between April and July.

Graph 4. Chile: Apple Export Volume by Month (MT)


[^2]
## Commodities:

Pears, Fresh

Table 7. Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

| Pears, Fresh Market Year Begins Chile | 2018/2019 |  | 2019/2020 |  | 2020/2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan 2019 |  | Jan 2020 |  | Jan 2021 |  |
|  | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post | USDA Official | New Post |
| Area Planted (HA) | 8157 | 8157 | 7272 | 7272 | 6950 | 6950 |
| Area Harvested (HA) | 8100 | 8100 | 7250 | 7250 | 6700 | 6700 |
| Bearing Trees (1000 TREES) | 8505 | 8505 | 7500 | 7500 | 7000 | 7000 |
| Non-Bearing Trees (1000 TREES) | 1050 | 1050 | 900 | 900 | 1000 | 1000 |
| Total Trees (1000 TRees) | 9555 | 9555 | 8400 | 8400 | 8000 | 8000 |
| Commercial Production (MT) | 250000 | 250000 | 220000 | 220000 | 211000 | 200000 |
| Non-Comm. Production (MT) | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| Production (MT) | 252000 | 252000 | 222000 | 222000 | 213000 | 202000 |
| Imports (MT) | 400 | 400 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Total Supply (MT) | 252400 | 252400 | 222500 | 222500 | 213500 | 202500 |
| Domestic Consumption (MT) | 120900 | 120900 | 106500 | 106500 | 103500 | 96500 |
| Exports (MT) | 131500 | 131500 | 116000 | 116000 | 110000 | 106000 |
| Withdrawal from Market (MT) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Distribution (MT) | 252400 | 252400 | 222500 | 222500 | 213500 | 202500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (HA) ,(1000 TREES) ,(MT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Post estimations.

## Production:

Post estimates Chile's MY2020/21 fresh pear production to decrease by 9.1 percent and total 200,000 MT (See Table 7). This reduction is due to the lower planted area in MY2020/21 (See Graph 5) and a fall in yields due to cooler temperatures in the summer. Additionally, the MY2020/21 pear harvest slowed down due to the reduced availability of workers, which decreased productivity and increased production costs for farmers.

## Consumption:

In MY2019/20, Post estimates domestic consumption of pears at 96,500 MT (includes fresh domestic consumption and for further processing).

Post estimates that in MY2020/21, Chile's domestic consumption will make up 51 percent of the total supply.

Graph 5: Pear Planted Area (hectares)


Source: ODEPA, 2021.

## Policy

There are no new policy developments to report at this time.

## Trade:

In MY2020/21, Post estimates pear exports to decrease by 8.6 percent and total 106,000 MT due to the decline in pear planted area and lower production volume.

In MY2019/20 Chile's top market for fresh pear exports were Colombia, Italy, and the Netherlands. In MY2020/21, Chilean pear exports to Spain and Italy increased by 23.9 percent, totaling 2,812 MT, and by 12.9 percent, totaling $2,779 \mathrm{MT}$, respectively. Pear exports to the other top markets decreased in the first two months of MY2020/21 (See Table 8).

In MY2020/21 (data until February), Chile's pear exports dropped by 21.1 percent in volume over MY2019/20, totaling 12,561 MT and $\$ 13$ million (See Table 8 and Table 9).

Table 8: Chile, Pear Exports to the World (Volume)

| Commodity: 080830, Pears, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partner Country | Marketing Year (Volume) |  |  | January-February (Volume) |  |  |
|  | MY2018/19 | MY2019/20 | Variation (\%) | 2020 | 2021 | Variation (\%) |
| World | 131,531 | 113,954 | -13.4\% | 15,918 | 12,561 | -21.1\% |
| Colombia | 21,345 | 18,676 | -12.5\% | 2,983 | 2,304 | -22.8\% |
| Italy | 12,513 | 14,394 | 15.0\% | 2,462 | 2,779 | 12.9\% |
| Netherlands | 13,080 | 12,716 | -2.8\% | 998 | 194 | -80.6\% |
| Russia | 20,032 | 11,672 | -41.7\% | 329 | 203 | -38.3\% |
| Ecuador | 11,632 | 9,446 | -18.8\% | 1,433 | 1,097 | -23.4\% |
| United States | 9,921 | 9,206 | -7.2\% | 2,267 | 872 | -61.5\% |
| Peru | 11,620 | 8,742 | -24.8\% | 936 | 434 | -53.6\% |
| Spain | 5,564 | 5,279 | -5.1\% | 2,269 | 2,812 | 23.9\% |
| Germany | 4,224 | 5,060 | 19.8\% | 17 | 63 | 270.6\% |
| China | 1,794 | 2,541 | 41.6\% | 94 | 40 | -57.4\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 2,379 | 2,297 | -3.4\% | 767 | 538 | -29.9\% |
| Brazil | 3,210 | 1,620 | -49.5\% | 145 | 75 | -48.3\% |
| Panama | 1,992 | 1,350 | -32.2\% | 114 | 69 | -39.5\% |
| Mexico | 1,558 | 1,279 | -17.9\% | 23 | 23 | 0.0\% |
| El Salvador | 918 | 1,198 | 30.5\% | 47 | 31 | -34.0\% |
| Others | 9,749 | 8,478 | -13.0\% | 1,034 | 1,027 | -0.7\% |

[^3]Table 9: Chile, Pear Exports to the World (Value)

| Commodity: 080830, Pears, Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partner Country | Marketing Year (Value USD) |  |  | January-February (Value USD) |  |  |
|  | MY2018/19 | MY2019/20 | Variation (\%) | 2020 | 2021 | Variation (\%) |
| World | 124,253,189 | 109,426,528 | -11.9\% | 16,038,713 | 12,952,711 | -19.2\% |
| Colombia | 20,610,441 | 17,768,052 | -13.8\% | 2,986,820 | 2,292,321 | -23.3\% |
| Italy | 12,111,345 | 13,776,978 | 13.8\% | 2,633,027 | 3,063,788 | 16.4\% |
| Netherlands | 13,009,079 | 13,460,683 | 3.5\% | 1,081,601 | 162,735 | -85.0\% |
| Russia | 20,144,880 | 12,297,762 | -39.0\% | 367,852 | 209,104 | -43.2\% |
| Ecuador | 9,983,909 | 8,192,098 | -17.9\% | 1,321,211 | 1,071,215 | -18.9\% |
| United States | 8,684,483 | 7,729,322 | -11.0\% | 2,125,253 | 886,215 | -58.3\% |
| Peru | 7,998,836 | 6,364,392 | -20.4\% | 657,971 | 343,707 | -47.8\% |
| Spain | 6,049,774 | 5,703,585 | -5.7\% | 2,201,339 | 2,895,657 | 31.5\% |
| Germany | 3,666,130 | 4,934,175 | 34.6\% | 23,302 | 38,546 | 65.4\% |
| China | 2,123,065 | 2,836,696 | 33.6\% | 114,028 | 43,952 | -61.5\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 2,862,291 | 2,662,032 | -7.0\% | 889,565 | 604,827 | -32.0\% |
| Brazil | 3,220,830 | 1,645,348 | -48.9\% | 147,746 | 99,822 | -32.4\% |
| Panama | 1,999,029 | 1,309,400 | -34.5\% | 131,455 | 72,726 | -44.7\% |
| El Salvador | 986,332 | 1,186,655 | 20.3\% | 51,622 | 30,282 | -41.3\% |
| Mexico | 1,292,637 | 1,091,814 | -15.5\% | 23,981 | 8,960 | -62.6\% |
| Others | 9,510,128 | 8,467,536 | -11.0\% | 1,281,940 | 1,128,854 | -11.9\% |

Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

Data from ODEPA shows Chilean pear exports totaled 26,434 MT in March 2021, a 3.14 percent decrease over March 2020 (Graph 6).

Graph 6. Chile: Pear Export Volume by Month (MT)


[^4]
## Attachments:

No Attachments


[^0]:    Source: ODEPA, 2021.

[^1]:    Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

[^2]:    Source of Data: ODEPA

[^3]:    Source of Data: Trade Data Monitor, LLC.

[^4]:    Source of Data: ODEPA

