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## Israel

## Citrus

## Annual

## 2006

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**Report Highlights:**

In MY 2006, citrus production in Israel is forecast at 641,000 MT, a 13 percent increase from the previous year. Citrus exports are expected to increase by 12 percent compared to the previous year, destined mainly to the European Union (EU). Delivery to processing plants is expected to increase by 15 percent compared to MY 2005 levels.

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Includes PSD Changes: Yes  
Includes Trade Matrix: No  
Annual Report  
Tel Aviv [IS1]  
[IS]

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## Executive Summary

In Marketing Year (October-September) (MY) 2006, the forecast for total citrus production is 641,000 MT, an increase of 13 percent compared to the previous year. Of the total production, it is expected that approximately 158,000 MT will be exported (12 percent increase compared to the previous year), 306,000 MT will be processed (a 15 percent increase), and the remainder will be consumed fresh. The increase in exports is due to an increase in local citrus production.

In MY 2005, citrus exports and deliveries to the processing industry decreased by 20 and 9 percent, respectively, compared to the previous year. The decrease in exports and deliveries to the processing industry was due to a decrease in local production and a shortage in manpower for picking fruit from trees.

In MY 2005, exports of the sweetie variety to Japan decreased by 35 percent compared to the previous year (from 10,190 tons to 6,580 tons). Due to a shortage of grapefruit from Florida, white grapefruit was exported to Japan (2,644 tons) for the second consecutive year. In the future, the sweetie exports to Japan are expected to reach 4,000-5,000 tons per year.

## PSD Tables:

<b>Oranges</b>									
	<b>2004</b>	<b>Revised</b>		<b>2005</b>	<b>Estimate</b>		<b>2006</b>	<b>Forecast</b>	
	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New
<b>Market Year Begin</b>		10/2004	10/2004		10/2005	10/2005		10/2006	10/2006
<b>Area Planted</b>	5100	5100	5732	5200	5200	5817	0	0	5920
<b>Area Harvested</b>	4950	4950	5531	5050	5050	5410	0	0	5506
<b>Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Non-Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL No. Of Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Production</b>	184	184	172	165	165	144	0	0	176
<b>Imports</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL SUPPLY</b>	184	184	172	165	165	144	0	0	176
<b>Exports</b>	37	37	36	30	30	22.5	0	0	29
<b>Fresh Dom. Consumption</b>	61	61	60	60	60	60.5	0	0	61
<b>Processing</b>	86	86	76	75	75	61	0	0	86
<b>TOTAL DISTRIBUTION</b>	184	184	172	165	165	144	0	0	176

<b>Grapefruit</b>									
	<b>2004</b>	<b>Revised</b>		<b>2005</b>	<b>Estimate</b>		<b>2006</b>	<b>Forecast</b>	
	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New
<b>Market Year Begin</b>		10/2004	10/2004		10/2005	10/2005		10/2006	10/2006
<b>Area Planted</b>	5250	5250	4590	5280	5280	5032	0	0	5730
<b>Area Harvested</b>	5216	5216	4270	5240	5240	4680	0	0	5329
<b>Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Non-Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL No. Of Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Production</b>	263	263	271	256	256	265	0	0	261
<b>Imports</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL SUPPLY</b>	263	263	271	256	256	265	0	0	261
<b>Exports</b>	86	86	86	82	82	75	0	0	77
<b>Fresh Dom. Consumption</b>	20	20	25	20	20	25	0	0	25
<b>Processing</b>	157	157	160	154	154	165	0	0	159
<b>TOTAL DISTRIBUTION</b>	263	263	271	256	256	265	0	0	261

<b>Easy Peelers</b>									
	<b>2004</b>	<b>Revised</b>		<b>2005</b>	<b>Estimate</b>		<b>2006</b>	<b>Forecast</b>	
	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New
<b>Market Year Begin</b>		10/2004	10/2004		10/2005	10/2005		10/2006	10/2006
<b>Area Planted</b>	5100	5100	5136	5400	5400	5351	0	0	5632
<b>Area Harvested</b>	4900	4900	4777	5150	5150	4977	0	0	5238
<b>Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Non-Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL No. Of Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Production</b>	122	122	141	120	120	118	0	0	144.5
<b>Imports</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL SUPPLY</b>	122	122	141	120	120	118	0	0	144.5
<b>Exports</b>	44	44	44	40	40	35	0	0	43
<b>Fresh Dom. Consumption</b>	31	31	50	33	33	50	0	0	51
<b>Processing</b>	47	47	47	47	47	33	0	0	50.5
<b>TOTAL DISTRIBUTION</b>	122	122	141	120	120	118	0	0	144.5

<b>Lemons</b>									
	<b>2004</b>	<b>Revised</b>		<b>2005</b>	<b>Estimate</b>		<b>2006</b>	<b>Forecast</b>	
	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New
<b>Market Year Begin</b>		10/2004	10/2004		10/2005	10/2005		10/2006	10/2006
<b>Area Planted</b>	1720	1720	1811	1800	1800	1828	0	0	1853
<b>Area Harvested</b>	1640	1640	1685	1660	1660	1700	0	0	1723
<b>Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Non-Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL No. Of Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Production</b>	54	54	42	54	54	28.5	0	0	44
<b>Imports</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL SUPPLY</b>	54	54	42	54	54	28.5	0	0	44
<b>Exports</b>	3	3	4	2	2	2	0	0	2
<b>Fresh Dom. Consumption</b>	45	45	32	46	46	20.5	0	0	32
<b>Processing</b>	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	10
<b>TOTAL DISTRIBUTION</b>	54	54	42	54	54	28.5	0	0	44

<b>Other Citrus</b>									
	<b>2004</b>	<b>Revised</b>		<b>2005</b>	<b>Estimate</b>		<b>2006</b>	<b>Forecast</b>	
	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New	USDA Official	Post Estimate	Post Estimate New
<b>Market Year Begin</b>		10/2004	10/2004		10/2005	10/2005		10/2006	10/2006
<b>Area Planted</b>	800	800	578	900	900	640	0	0	688
<b>Area Harvested</b>	730	730	537	800	800	595	0	0	639
<b>Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Non-Bearing Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL No. Of Trees</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Production</b>	9	9	9	12	12	11	0	0	15
<b>Imports</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL SUPPLY</b>	9	9	9	12	12	11	0	0	15
<b>Exports</b>	6	6	6	8	8	6.5	0	0	7
<b>Fresh Dom. Consumption</b>	3	3	3	4	4	4.5	0	0	8
<b>Processing</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL DISTRIBUTION</b>	9	9	9	12	12	11	0	0	15

## Production

In MY 2005, production totaled 566,000 MT, an 11 percent decrease compared to the previous marketing year. The decreased harvest was a result of the "fluctuations phenomenon", an exceptional low/high yield that occurs once in 2-3 years. In addition, according to official sources, the decrease in exports and deliveries to the processing industry was due to a manpower shortage. Throughout the marketing year, there was a shortage of available workers. The yields for oranges, easy peelers and grapefruit decreased by 16.5, 16.3 and 2 percent, respectively, compared to the previous year.

In recent years, the share of easy peelers has increased significantly, and it is expected to further expand in the near future. The forecast for MY 2006 is for a total production of 641,000 MT, an increase of 13 percent compared to the previous year.

**Table 1: Citrus Production by Varieties - Thousand Tons**

MY	Total Production	Orange	Easy Peeler	Lemon	Grapefruit	Other Citrus <sup>1</sup>
2002/03	496.0	143.0	71.0	20.0	254.0	8.0
2003/04	513.0	133.0	88.0	45.0	237.0	10.0
2004/05	638.0	172.0	141.0	42.0	271.0	9.0
2005/06	566.0	143.5	118.0	28.5	265.0	11.0
2006/07*	641.0	176.3	144.5	44.0	261.2	15.0

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus division, Israel

\*Forecast: Based on information collected

**Table 2: Species Share Out of Total Production- Percent**

MY	Oranges	Easy Peelers	Lemon	Grapefruit	Other Citrus	Total
2002/03	28.9	14.3	4.0	51.2	1.6	100.0
2003/04	25.9	17.1	8.8	46.2	2.0	100.0
2004/05	27.0	21.9	6.6	42.5	2.0	100.0
2005/06	25.3	20.8	5.0	46.8	2.1	100.0
2006/07*	27.5	22.5	6.9	40.7	2.4	100.0

**Table 3: Citrus Disposition, by Destination, Thousand Tons**

Period	Total Exports		Delivery to Processors		Local Fresh Market		Total Percent
	Quantity	%	Quantity	%	Quantity	%	
2002/03	121,000	23.0	246,000	46.7	160,000	30.3	100
2003/04	139,000	28.4	190,000	38.9	160,000	32.7	100
2004/05	178,000	27.9	290,000	45.5	170,000	26.6	100
2005/06	141,000	28.3	265,000	45.0	160,000	26.7	100
2006/07*	158,000	24.6	305,500	47.7	177,500	27.7	100

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus division, Israel

\*Forecast: Based on information collected

<sup>1</sup> Other Citrus- Kumquat, Ethrog (Citron), Red & White Pomelo, Limquat.

### Planted Area

In MY 2005, planted area totaled 18,800 ha, of which 17,362 ha (92 percent) were fruit-bearing. Increasing demand for citrus in Europe and high profitability have stimulated new demand for citrus seedlings. In 2006, 820 ha of fresh citrus were planted. The forecast for CY 2007 is for an additional increase of 1,155 ha, mainly easy peelers and grapefruit. Due to the increasing demand for citrus seedlings, a shortage of seedlings is expected until 2008.

**Table 4: Planting of Fresh Citrus, by Variety, Ha, CY 2006 & 2007**

Variety	Ha		Percent		Remarks
	2006	2007*	2006	2007*	
Oranges	85.0	103.0	10.4	8.9	Mainly Newhole and Navel
Grapefruit	441.5	698.0	53.8	60.4	Mainly Star Ruby
Easy Peelers	215.0	281.5	26.2	24.3	Mainly Or
Lemons	16.5	25.0	2.0	2.3	Mainly Viyola
Others	62.0	47.8	7.6	4.1	Mainly Red Pomelo
<b>Total</b>	<b>820.0</b>	<b>1,155.3</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

\*Estimation: Based on information collected

**Table 5: Fruit Bearing Area, CY 2006, Ha**

Variety	Ha	Percent
Shamouti	2,980	17.2%
Valencia	1,380	7.9%
Navels	1,050	6.1%
<b>Total Oranges</b>	<b>5,410</b>	<b>31.2%</b>
White Grapefruit	1,750	10.1%
Sunrise	1,830	10.5%
Sweetie	1,100	6.3%
<b>Total Grapefruit</b>	<b>4,680</b>	<b>27.0%</b>
Topaz	225	1.3%
Minneola	510	2.9%
Suntina	1,100	6.3%
Murcott	240	1.4%
Chasuma	370	2.1%
Winnola	130	0.7%
Merav	50	0.3%
Ora	120	0.7%
Mor	240	1.4%
Or	870	5.0%
Michal	900	5.2%
Rishon	110	0.6%
Tempel	35	0.2%
Others	77	0.4%
<b>Total Easy Peelers</b>	<b>4,977</b>	<b>28.6%</b>
Lemon	1,700	9.8%
Lime	50	0.3%
White Pomelo	280	1.6%
Red Pomelo	220	1.3%
Limquat	5	0.0%

Kumquat	40	0.2%
<b>Total Other Citrus</b>	<b>2,295</b>	<b>13.2%</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>17,362</b>	<b>100%</b>

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

## R&D

Main R&D efforts are focused on expanding the harvest season to supply late maturing easy peeler varieties, and create sweeter grapefruit varieties with new colors. In CY 2006, the citrus R&D budget was estimated at \$465,000, a 6 percent increase compared to the previous year.

## Revenue of the Citrus Growers

As mentioned above, citrus production decreased in MY 2005, however, revenues were the same as in the previous year. This is due to the perceived high quality of Israeli citrus products, high revenues for the grapefruits and easy peelers varieties, and restricted supplies in the international market. In MY 2005, revenues totaled \$150 million. (see table 6).

**Table 6: Revenue Value, \$ Million, MY 2005**

	<b>Value</b>	<b>Percent</b>
Local Fresh Market	\$60	40
Processing Industry	\$40	27
Exports	\$50	33
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$150</b>	<b>100</b>

## Local Fresh Consumption

In MY 2005, local consumption of fresh citrus totaled approximately 160 tmt, a 6 percent decrease compared to the previous marketing year. The slight decrease in consumption was a result of the harvest decrease. In MY 2005, total local consumption (per capita) of fresh citrus was 23.5 kg. According to the Household Expenditure Survey from 2004, the monthly average expenditure for fresh citrus totaled \$2.93 per household.

**Table 7: Delivery to the Local Fresh Market, MY, Tons, Percent**

<b>Variety</b>	<b>Tons</b>		<b>Percent</b>	
	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>
Oranges	60,000	60,000	35.1	37.5
Easy Peelers	50,000	50,000	29.3	31.2
Grapefruit	25,000	25,000	14.6	15.6
Others	36,000	25,000	21.0	15.6
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>171,000</b>	<b>160,000</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

**Table 8: Monthly Average Household Expenditure On Fresh Citrus, 2004, \$**

Species	Average	Percent
Oranges	1.07	36.5
Easy Peelers	1.02	34.8
Grapefruit	0.12	4.1
Lemons	0.72	24.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.93</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Household Expenditure Survey, 2004, CBS

### The Processing Industry

Due to decreased yields in MY 2005, citrus deliveries to processors decreased by 9 percent compared to the previous year (from 290 tmt to 265 tmt). The full capacity of the facilities stands at 350,000 MT. The main citrus variety for industry is grapefruit. In MY 2005, the local industry paid higher prices compared to the previous year, mainly for white grapefruit. In MY 2005, the Israeli industry paid an average price of \$150 per ton for all citrus kinds.

The forecast for MY 2006 is for 305,500 MT, a 15 percent increase compared to the previous year. The expected increase is a result of an increase in total local citrus production. The annual local consumption of fresh juices per capita stands at 2.5 liter and is expected to continue to grow 20 percent annually in the next few years. The increase in recent years is a result of a decrease in consumption of carbonated soft drinks.

**Table 9: Delivery to the Processing Plants, MY, Tons**

Variety	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	05/06 Percent Change Compared to 04/05	05/06 Percent Change Compared to 03/04
Oranges	27,204	77,000	61,000	-29%	124%
Grapefruit	142,031	160,000	165,000	-5%	16%
Lemons	1,128	6,000	6,000	0%	432%
Easy Peelers	18,954	47,000	33,000	-30%	74%
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>189,317</b>	<b>290,000</b>	<b>265,000</b>	<b>-10%</b>	<b>40%</b>

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

**Table 10: Total Exports of Citrus Products, by Variety, \$ Thousand**

CY	Oranges	Grapefruit	Lemons	Easy Peelers	Total
2003	55,959	60,930	382	1,052	118,323
2004	44,020	61,968	782	402	107,172
2005	52,079	93,377	4,534	595	150,585
<b>Average</b>	<b>50,686</b>	<b>72,092</b>	<b>1,899</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>125,360</b>

Source: Citrus Products Marketing Board of Israel

## Trade

The forecast for MY 2006 is for an increase of 8-12 percent compared to the previous year. The expected increase in exports is due to an increase in local citrus production.

Citrus exports from Israel decreased 20.5 percent during MY 2005 compared to previous year levels (from 177,765 tons to 141,237 tons). The decrease was due to a decrease in local citrus production, combined with manpower shortage. During the picking period there was a shortage of available workers. White grapefruit and sweetie exports decreased by 25 and 16 percent, respectively. The decrease was due to the high prices paid by the processing industry and decrease in local harvest.

In MY 2005, exports of the sweetie variety to Japan decreased by 35 percent compared to the previous year (from 10,190 tons to 6,580 tons). Of total sweetie exports in MY 2005, 53 percent were delivered to Japan and the remainder was exported to the EU and Russia. Due to the continued shortage of grapefruit from Florida, it was the second consecutive year that there was an export of white grapefruit to Japan (2,300 tons). The sweetie exports to Japan in the forthcoming years are expected to stand at 4,000-5,000 tons per year.

Of the total citrus exports, 68 percent were exported to Western Europe, mainly England, but demand in Eastern Europe, especially in Russia, is increasing, and approximately 19 percent of the total citrus exports were exported to Russia (exports to Russia are mainly easy peelers and red grapefruit). Italy captures 9 percent of the total citrus exports, mostly red and white grapefruit varieties. Japan captures 6 percent of the total citrus exports and the market share for the U.S. and South Africa is approximately 5 percent. Currently in Israel there are 28 citrus exporters. In MY 2005, about half of total citrus exports were the grapefruit varieties. This is the third consecutive year that easy peeler exports have exceeded orange exports. In MY 2005, pomelo exports totaled 5,394 tons, of which 59 percent was red pomelo.

Table 11: Fresh Citrus Exports by Varieties, Tons, MY

Variety	2003/4	2004/5	2005/6	2005/6 Percent Change Compared to 2004/5	2005/6 Percent Change Compared to 2003/4
Shamouti	21,074	26,669	16,985	-36.3	-19.4
Valencia	8,081	9,079	4,340	-52.2	-46.3
Navels	438	424	1,203	183.7	174.7
<b>Total Oranges</b>	<b>29,593</b>	<b>36,172</b>	<b>22,528</b>	<b>-37.7</b>	<b>-23.9</b>
White Grapefruit	10,485	14,106	10,652	-24.5	1.6
Sunrise	47,146	57,930	51,591	-10.9	9.4
Ray Ruby	6	84	52	-38.1	766.7
Sweetie	13,301	14,850	12,535	-15.6	-5.8
<b>Total Grapefruit</b>	<b>70,938</b>	<b>86,970</b>	<b>74,830</b>	<b>-14.0</b>	<b>5.5</b>
Topaz	5,029	5,390	5,236	-2.9	4.1
Minneola	6,102	10,010	6,507	-35.0	6.6
Suntina	14,733	13,278	12,600	-5.1	-14.5
Hadas	152	86	188	118.6	23.7
Murcott	1,551	1,107	619	-44.1	-60.1
Chasuma	0	785	710	-9.6	N/A
Winnola	34	98	113	15.3	232.4
Merav	19	0	0	N/A	-100.0
Ora	476	225	210	-6.7	-55.9
Mor	1,159	2,998	1,140	-62.0	-1.6
Or	2,978	8,989	6,911	-23.1	132.1
Michal	340	1,322	790	-40.2	132.4
Rishon	0	212	336	58.5	N/A
Tempel	67	0	0	N/A	-100.0
<b>Total Easy Peelers</b>	<b>32,640</b>	<b>44,500</b>	<b>35,360</b>	<b>-20.5</b>	<b>8.3</b>
Lemon	1,105	4,076	2,131	-47.7	92.9
Lime	129	324	307	-5.2	138.0
White Pomelo	2,431	1,634	2,169	32.7	-10.8
Tahiti Pomelo	16	36	49	36.1	206.3
Red Pomelo	1,839	3,394	3,176	-6.4	72.7
Limquat	19	14	25	78.6	31.6
Kumquat	583	645	662	2.6	13.6
<b>Total Other Citrus</b>	<b>6,122</b>	<b>10,123</b>	<b>8,519</b>	<b>-15.8</b>	<b>39.2</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>139,276</b>	<b>177,765</b>	<b>141,237</b>	<b>-20.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

Table 12: Fresh Citrus Share Out of Total Export Quantity, Percent, MY

Variety	2003/4	2004/5	2005/6
Shamouti	15.13	15.00	12.03
Valencia	5.80	5.11	3.07
Navels	0.31	0.24	0.85
<b>Total Oranges</b>	<b>21.25</b>	<b>20.35</b>	<b>15.95</b>
White Grapefruit	7.53	7.94	7.54
Sunrise	33.85	32.59	36.53
Ray Ruby	0.00	0.05	0.04
Sweetie	9.55	8.35	8.88
<b>Total Grapefruit</b>	<b>50.93</b>	<b>48.92</b>	<b>52.98</b>
Topaz	3.61	3.03	3.71
Minneola	4.38	5.63	4.61
Suntina	10.58	7.47	8.92
Hadas	0.11	0.05	0.13
Murcott	1.11	0.62	0.44
Chasuma	0.00	0.44	0.50
Winnola	0.02	0.06	0.08
Merav	0.01	0.00	0.00
Ora	0.34	0.13	0.15
Mor	0.83	1.69	0.81
Or	2.14	5.06	4.89
Michal	0.24	0.74	0.56
Rishon	0.00	0.12	0.24
Tempel	0.05	0.00	0.00
<b>Total Easy Peelers</b>	<b>23.44</b>	<b>25.03</b>	<b>25.04</b>
Lemon	0.79	2.29	1.51
Lime	0.09	0.18	0.22
White Pomelo	1.75	0.92	1.54
Tahiti Pomelo	0.01	0.02	0.03
Red Pomelo	1.32	1.91	2.25
Limquat	0.01	0.01	0.02
Kumquat	0.42	0.36	0.47
<b>Total Other Citrus</b>	<b>4.40</b>	<b>5.69</b>	<b>6.03</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>

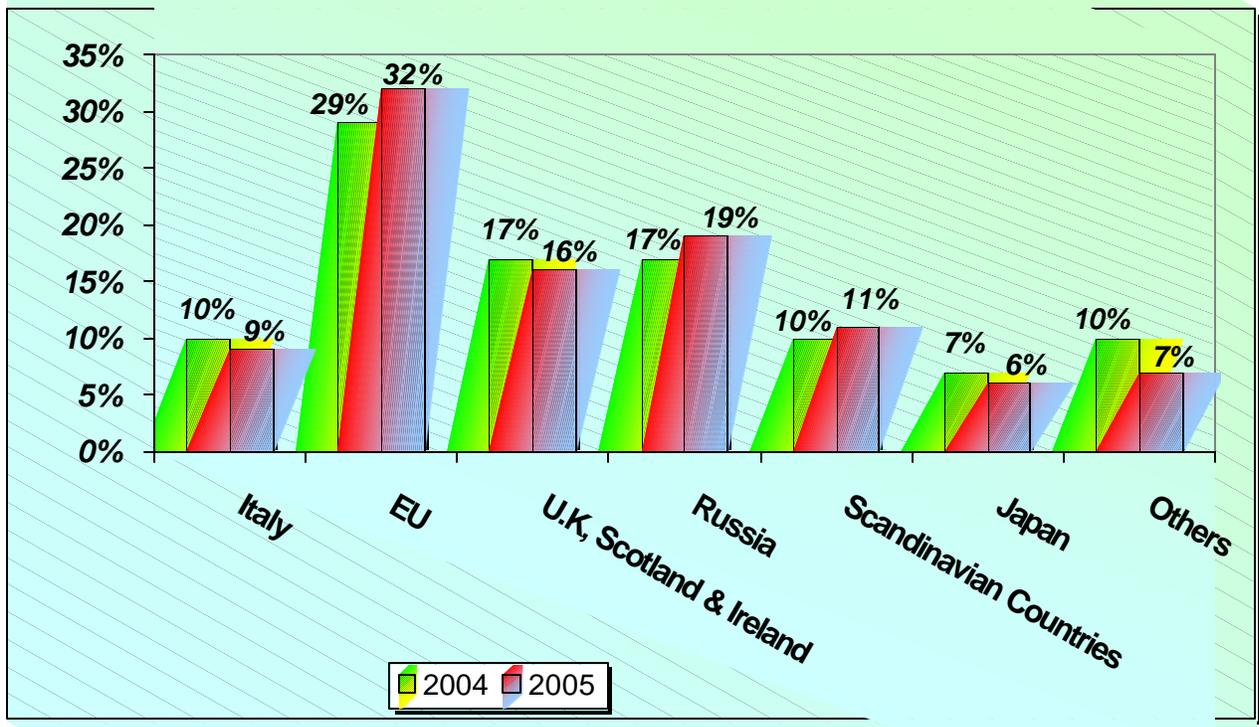
Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

Table 13: Israeli Fresh Citrus Export to Japan, Tons, MY

MY	2003/4	2004/5	2005/6	2005/6 Percent Change Compared to 2004/5	2005/6 Percent Change Compared to 2003/4
White Grapefruit	-----	2,882	2,644	-8.3%	-----
Sweetie	9,050	10,190	6,580	-35.4%	-27.3%
Red Pomelo	50	97	34	-64.9%	-32.0%

Source: The Plants Production and Marketing Board, Citrus Division, Israel

Chart 1: Exports of Fresh Citrus, by Main Countries, Percent, MY



Source: The Plants Production And Marketing Board